



## Small Business CyberSecurity Questionnaire

Organization Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Primary contact for data security matters: \_\_\_\_\_

Number of computer systems in your organization: \_\_\_\_\_ Number of locations/offices: \_\_\_\_\_

Does your organization have a central server(s) for storing and managing data? \_\_\_Yes \_\_\_No

Please answer the questions below to the best of your ability, so that we can better understand your level of computer security and data protection. This information will assist with the process of developing an improved security posture for your organization and help to insure business continuity in the event of a cyber attack or data breach. All answers should represent the company as an entity, and not any one specific individual member of the organization. If you are uncertain about the answer to any of the questions, please make your best estimate, as an unanswered question will count as zero points toward the organization's overall security score for evaluation purposes. Any information provided on this form will be kept strictly confidential and used only for evaluation purposes.

Please choose only one answer for each question by placing an "X" next to the closest correct response.

1. On a scale from 1 to 10, with 10 being the highest rating, how important is cybersecurity, data protection, data recovery (backups) and employee cybersecurity awareness within your organization?

\_\_\_(1) \_\_\_(2) \_\_\_(3) \_\_\_(4) \_\_\_(5) \_\_\_(6) \_\_\_(7) \_\_\_(8) \_\_\_(9) \_\_\_(10)

2. What level of password secrecy is being enforced at your organization?

\_\_\_ No passwords are being used to protect data stored on computer systems (0)

\_\_\_ Everyone uses the same login name and password (1)

\_\_\_ All user accounts (login names) are unique, but they all use the same password (2)

\_\_\_ User accounts and passwords are unique for each user, but users know each other's passwords (3)

\_\_\_ User accounts and passwords are unique for each user and kept private (4)

\_\_\_ User accounts and passwords are unique and complex\* for each user, and kept private (5)

\*Combination of upper and lower case letters, numbers and symbols (at least 3 of these 4 types)



3.) What level of password complexity is being enforced at your organization?

- Anything can be used for a password, regardless of length or complexity (0)
- Passwords must be at least 8 characters long, but there are no other requirements (1)
- Passwords must be at least 8 characters long and cannot be names or dictionary words (2)
- Passwords must be at least 12 characters long and use complexity\* (3)
- Passwords must be at least 16 characters long and use complexity\* (4)
- Passwords must be at least 16 characters long and are randomly generated (5)

\*Combination of upper and lower case letters, numbers and symbols (at least 3 of these 4 types)

4.) What level of security has been implemented within your organization to separate different kinds of information (financial, legal, medical, HR, etc.) and access to it?

- No security or organization. Everyone can access all company data (0)
- Data is organized by type, but no specific permissions have been set (1)
- Data is organized by type, and staff is allowed access based on user need for each type (4)
- Data is organized by type, access is assigned based on user need; access is monitored and logged (5)

5.) What level and/or type of Internet/web filtering is being used by your business?

- None. Web browsing is not restricted, monitored or filtered in any way (0)
- Minimal. Employees are told what websites are acceptable and expected to comply (1)
- Light. Antivirus software on the computer systems block users from infected websites (2)
- Medium. Software on each workstation blocks websites by category and reputation (3)
- Heavy. A gateway Unified Threat Management (UTM\*) appliance provides web filtering (4)
- Maximum. A UTM\* appliance only allows users to visit approved web sites; all others are blocked (5)

\*UTM devices inspect Internet traffic for viruses, spam and website requests and filter malicious content



6.) What kind of computer antivirus solution does your organization use?

- Random antivirus software installed on each system, some may not be protected at all (0)
- The same free, unmanaged/unmonitored antivirus software is used on all systems (1)
- Systems are all running a paid-for version of standalone antivirus, unmanaged and unmonitored (2)
- Systems are all running a monitored antivirus solution that is managed from a central console (3)
- Systems are all running a monitored antivirus solution that is managed by an IT service provider (4)
- Systems are all running managed/monitored antivirus and there is a gateway UTM\* solution (5)

\*UTM devices inspect Internet traffic for viruses, spam and website requests and filter malicious content

7.) What kind of backup solution does your organization use?

- None (0)
- Critical data gets backed up to a thumb/external drive sporadically (1)
- Critical data gets backed up to a thumb/external drive sporadically and taken off site (2)
- Full server/system local backups are performed daily and physically taken off site (3)
- Full server/system backups are performed daily and replicated to cloud storage on the Internet (4)
- Full server/system backups are performed hourly and replicated to cloud storage daily (5)

8.) How often does your organization perform a test data recovery from backups to verify integrity?

- Never (0)
- Annually (1)
- Twice each year (2)
- Quarterly (3)
- Monthly (4)
- Weekly (5)



9.) How many people in your organization know the master/administrator password with full computer system control and access to all data on the network?

- Everyone, or don't know (0)
- Most of the members on the staff (2)
- Only senior members on the staff (3)
- Three or fewer senior staff members, on a need to know basis (4)
- Only the person/company entrusted with managing user accounts and data security (5)

10.) What kind of e-mail antivirus and spam filtering solution does your organization use?

- None, or don't know (0)
- Local antivirus scans incoming messages for viruses when they are opened (2)
- Local antivirus scans incoming messages for viruses prior to opening them (3)
- All incoming messages are scanned for viruses before they arrive into a user's mailbox (4)
- All messages pass through an outside spam/virus filter or UTM\*; local antivirus scans it, too (5)

\*UTM devices inspect Internet traffic for viruses, spam and website requests and filter malicious content

11.) Is User Access Control (UAC) turned on for the computers/workstations within your organization? (UAC is the notification that pops up whenever you install software or make changes to your computer system, asking you to confirm your actions.)

- Not turned on for any computer system, or don't know (0)
- Turned on for a few systems, but not all of them (1)
- Turned on for most computer systems (2)
- Turned on for all computer systems on the network, but users can click past it (3)
- Turned on for all computer systems, and it requires an Administrator to approve changes (5)



12.) What kind of Internet firewall does your organization use for protecting your network?

- Don't know (1)
- The modem/router provided by our Internet Service Provider (2)
- A wireless home/personal router/firewall (Netgear, Linksys, TP-Link, D-Link, etc.) (3)
- A business-class router/firewall installed by an IT professional or qualified employee (4)
- A business class firewall/router with Unified Threat Management features\* turned on (5)

\*Gateway Antivirus, Web Filtering, Stateful Packet inspection, Intrusion Prevention, Bad Website Blocking

13.) Who is allowed to connect their personal devices to your wireless network connection? (Cellphones, laptops, tablets, etc.)

- Anyone; it requires no passcode to connect to it (0)
- Only people who we give the encryption passcode to (1)
- Only to a dedicated Guest Access wireless connection, without a passcode (2)
- Only to a dedicated Guest Access wireless connection, with a guest passcode (4)
- No one is allowed to connect personal devices to our wireless network (5)

14.) Who is allowed to connect flash drives (also called thumb drives) to their computer at the office?

- Anyone. We have no policy regarding the use of flash drives (0)
- Anyone, as long as it is work related (1)
- Anyone, work related, after their antivirus performs a mandatory virus scan (3)
- Any staff member, but only drives provided by the company, after a virus scan runs (4)
- Only authorized members of the staff using a company-owned flash drive on certain computers (5)



15.) How is financial, medical and/or PII\* (Personally Identifiable Information) stored on your computers, and what kind of security is in place to protect it?

- It might be found on any computer, with no protection or security in place to protect it (0)
- All data of this type is consolidated and stored on one computer/server, with minimal protection (1)
- All data of this type is consolidated and only available to specific staff members with passwords (3)
- Data of this type is consolidated and encrypted with passwords, with limited staff access (4)
- All data of this type is consolidated and kept on an encrypted hard drive, in a secure location (5)

\*PII refers to the following types of information that can be used to identify an individual, and to potentially compromise their identity or security: Names, addresses, phone numbers, driver's license numbers, social security numbers, date of birth

16.) What software-based firewall (Windows or third-party) is running on your computers to protect against the internal spread of a worm virus or hostile attack from another computer on your network?

- None; it has been turned off on all computers to avoid software issues (0)
- Unknown, but not intentionally turned off (default state in Windows is On) (2)
- Windows/other firewall is turned on for most systems, turned off on the others (3)
- Windows/other firewall is turned on for all computer systems (4)
- Windows/other firewall is turned on and monitored for all systems on the network (5)

17.) How are Microsoft Windows Updates managed and installed on your organization's computer systems?

- Unknown (0)
- Windows installs automatic updates, but we never verify that they are current (1)
- Windows installs automatic updates, which we verify manually on a random basis (3)
- Windows installs automatic updates, which we verify manually on a regular basis (4)
- Windows and Microsoft Updates are managed and monitored network-wide from a console (either in-house or by a professional IT support provider) (5)



18.) How are third-party software updates (Adobe, Java, iTunes, etc.) managed and installed on your organization's computer systems?

\_\_\_ Unknown (0)

\_\_\_ We install software updates when prompted by the software programs (2)

\_\_\_ We use software (AV or other package) to check for updates and prompt us to install them (4)

\_\_\_ Third-party software updates are managed and monitored network-wide from a console (either in-house or by a professional IT support provider) (5)

19.) What ongoing training and data security awareness does your organization provide to your employees in order to insure that they are knowledgeable, aware and diligent in their data security practices?

\_\_\_ None/Unknown (0)

\_\_\_ We hold annual data security meetings and training sessions (2)

\_\_\_ Each employee is provided with a training manual upon joining our organization (3)

\_\_\_ We provide cybersecurity training manuals to new employee and hold quarterly meetings (4)

\_\_\_ We provide access to online training courses, test employee security awareness and knowledge with quizzes and tests, and we have monthly meetings to discuss data security and best practices (5)

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Thank you for completing this small business cybersecurity questionnaire.

Each answer has a number in parentheses that counts toward your organization's total self-assessment score, with a possible total score of 1 to 100 points. A higher score indicates that your organization has an advanced awareness of security, it employs the highest security standards and practices, and that it proactively works on maintaining its overall security posture on an ongoing basis. A lower score would indicate that there are areas of improvement that need to be addresses.

Please let us know if you are interested in cybersecurity training materials, or a professional consultation to review your organization's security policies, procedures and practices.

## The BIG Question:

Can you handle everything on our own, or do you need professional IT support..?

Get a little training, educate your employees, be diligent and you can handle most of it on your own!

**Managed Services** can take care of many of a small business's needs when it comes to following best cybersecurity practices. These include:

- Operating system patches
- Third-party software updates (Adobe, java, etc.)
- Automated backups (local and cloud)
- Vulnerability Scans
- Antivirus updates and definitions
- E-mail spam/virus filtering
- Bad website blocking
- Realtime system alerts
- System firewall monitoring
- Suspicious/unusual computer activity
- System health alerts

You can bring in **professional assistance** to:

- Install/configure a business-class firewall
- Secure your network environment
- Educate your employees
- Establish best security practices
- Create company computer and Internet usage policies
- Secure wireless network connections
- Provide ongoing training

**But you will still need to:**

- Enforce company security policies
- Provide new employees with training
- Practice best security practices (lock your screen!)
- Keep cybersecurity alive as an active topic
- Correct each other when necessary
- Report serious/repeat offenses to management (sorry)